# Key Stage 2 SATs

# Monday 13th — Thursday 16th May

Monday 13 May 2024	English grammar, punctuation and spelling papers 1 and 2
Tuesday 14 May 2024	English reading
Wednesday 15 May 2024	Mathematics papers 1 and 2
Thursday 16 May 2024	Mathematics paper 3

### How is my child assessed?

# Every child nationally takes the same papers over the week resulting in a scaled score per subject — Reading, SPaG & Maths

- Each pupil's raw test scores will be converted into a score on the scale, either at, above or below 100 (range: 80-120)
- A child who achieves the 'national standard' (a score of 100) is said to have achieved 'age related expectation'; below 100 suggest they are 'working towards' age related expectations and above 110 is deemed to be working at 'greater depth'.
- Papers are sent away to be marked externally having been taken in carefully monitored conditions. Some pupils will have modified arrangements in line with normal classroom practice.
- In July, each pupil receives:
  - a raw score (number of raw marks awarded);
  - a scaled score in each tested subject;
  - confirmation of whether or not they attained the national standard.

### What tests do they take?

#### Statutory tests will be administered in the following subjects:

- English Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling
  - Paper 1: questions (45 minutes)
  - Paper 2: spelling (not timed)
- English Reading (60 minutes)
- Mathematics
  - Paper 1: Arithmetic (30 minutes)
  - Paper 2: Reasoning (40 minutes)
  - Paper 3: Reasoning (40 minutes)

**Writing** is teacher assessed internally with judgements following the same pattern. Evidence for these judgements is taken from a range of their best work completed during normal classroom activity.

### **Grammar, Punctuation & Spelling**

- A spelling test is administered containing 20 words, which lasts approximately 15 minutes. Words are selected to test spelling patterns taught across KS2 NOT the statutory word list found in Reading Records)
- A separate test is given on grammar, punctuation and vocabulary.
- This test lasts for 45 minutes and requires short answer questions including some multiple choice.
- Marks for these two tests are added together to give a total for grammar, punctuation and spelling.

#### **Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Paper 1**

40

Tick one box in each row to show whether the sentence is written in the **active voice** or the **passive voice**.

Sentence	Active	Passive
Otters live in clean rivers.		
Fish are eaten by otters.		
Usually, otters are playful creatures.		

#### **Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Paper 1**



Which verb completes the sentence so that it uses the subjunctive form?

wish I	able to join you, but it will not be possible.
٦	Γick <b>one</b> .
am	
was	
were	
be	

#### **Grammar, Punctuation and Spelling Paper 2**

#### Spelling task

- **1.** The dragon is an imaginary \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 2. There was \_\_\_\_\_\_ food for everyone.
- 3. My little brother is in \_\_\_\_\_ class.
- **4.** Playing in the snow made my fingers \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- **5.** We learned how to do \_\_\_\_\_\_ in mathematics.
- **6.** Charlie \_\_\_\_\_\_ with relief.

### Reading

- The reading test consists of a single test paper with three unrelated reading texts. Children are given 60 minutes in total, which includes reading the texts and answering the questions.
- A total of 50 marks are available.
- Questions are designed to assess the comprehension and understanding of a child's reading.
- During the reading paper, a child's inference and deduction skills are thoroughly tested. They will also be expected to answer questions on authorial choices: explaining why an author has chosen to use particular vocabulary, grammar and text features.
- Some questions are multiple choice or selected response; others require short answers and some require an extended response or explanation.

#### **Reading Paper**



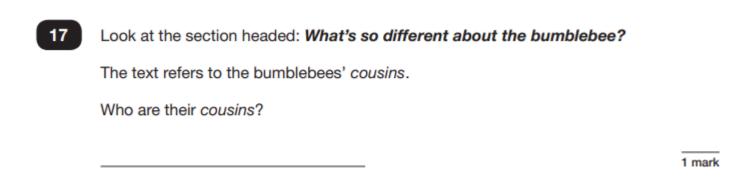
What impressions do you get of the relationship between Piper and Micah?

Give **two** impressions, supporting your answer with evidence from the text.

1	
2.	

3 marks

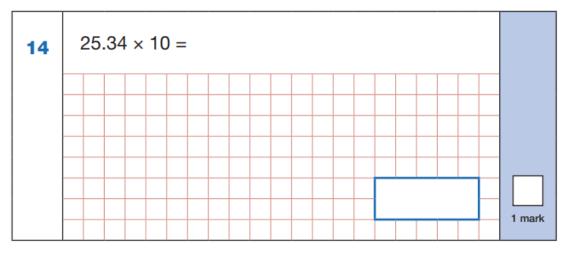
#### **Reading Paper**

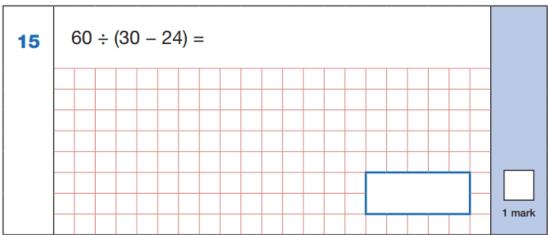


### **Mathematics**

- Children will sit three tests: paper 1, paper 2 and paper 3.
- Paper 1 is for arithmetic, lasting for 30 minutes, covering calculation methods for all operations, including use of fractions, percentages and decimals.
- Questions gradually increase in difficulty. Not all children will be expected to access some of the more difficult questions later in the paper.
- Papers 2 and 3 cover problem solving and reasoning, each lasting for 40 minutes.
- Pupils will still require calculation skills but will need to answer questions in context and decide what is required to find a solution.

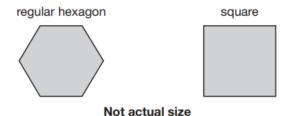
#### **Maths Paper 1: Arithmetic**





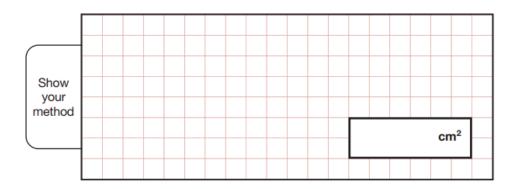
#### Maths Paper 2 / Paper 3: Reasoning





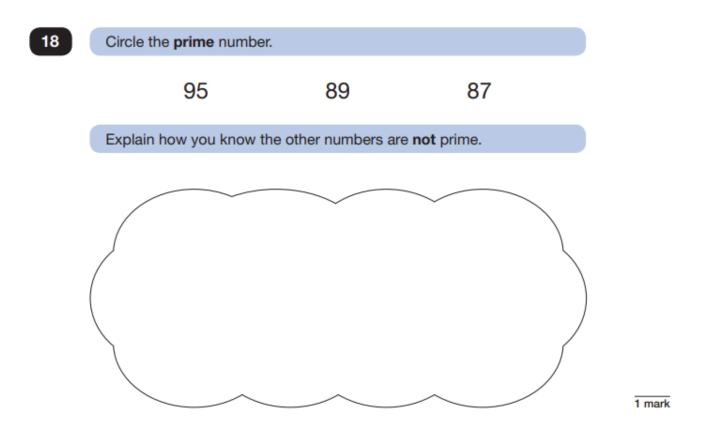
The length of each side of the **hexagon** is 8 centimetres.

Calculate the area of the square.



2 marks

#### Maths Paper 2 / Paper 3 : Reasoning



### How to Help Your Child

- First and foremost, support and reassure your child that there is nothing to worry about and they should always just try their best. Praise and encourage!
- Ensure your child has the best possible attendance at school.
- Support your child with any homework tasks.
- Reading, spelling and arithmetic (e.g. times tables) are always good to practise.
- Talk to your child about what they have learnt at school and what book(s) they are reading (the character, the plot, their opinion).
- Make sure your child has a good sleep and healthy breakfast every morning!



# How to Help Your Child with Reading

- Listening to your child read can take many forms.
- First and foremost, focus developing an enjoyment and love of reading.
- Enjoy stories together reading stories to your child at KS1 and KS2 is equally as important as listening to your child read.
- Read a little at a time but often, rather than rarely but for long periods of time!
- Talk about the story before, during and afterwards discuss the plot, the characters, their feelings and actions, how it makes you feel, predict what will happen and encourage your child to have their own opinions.
- Look up definitions of words together you could use a dictionary, the Internet or an app on a phone or tablet.
- All reading is valuable it doesn't have to be just stories. Reading can involve anything: fiction, non-fiction, poetry, newspapers, magazines, football programmes and subtitles.

# How to Help Your Child with Writing

- Practise and learn weekly spelling lists make it fun!
- Encourage opportunities for writing such as letters to family or friends, shopping lists, notes or reminders, stories and poems.
- Write together be a good role model for writing.
- Encourage use of a dictionary to check spelling and a thesaurus to find synonyms and expand vocabulary.
- Allow your child to use a computer for word processing, which will allow for editing and correcting of errors without lots of crossing out.
- Remember that good readers become good writers! Identify good writing features when reading (e.g. vocabulary, sentence structure and punctuation).
- Show your appreciation: praise and encourage, even for small successes!

### How to Help Your Child with Maths

- Play times tables games.
- Play mental maths games, including counting in different amounts, forwards and backwards.
- Encourage opportunities for telling the time.
- Encourage opportunities for counting coins and money; finding amounts or calculating change when shopping.
- Look for numbers on street signs, car registrations and anywhere else!
- Look for examples of 2D and 3D shapes around the home.
- Identify, weigh or measure quantities and amounts in the kitchen or in recipes.
- Play games involving numbers or logic, such as dominoes, card games, darts, draughts and chess.