Langrish Primary School

History Yearly Overview: EYFS and KS1

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS		Remembrance	The King's		Chat mats	
		Understanding of the world	Crown		Understanding of the	
		Key question: Why do we	Understanding		world	
		wear poppies?	of the world		Key questions:	
		Key historical concepts	Key question:		What is it?	
		covered:	What is a		What was it used for?	
		Similarity and difference	crown and who		Why was it needed?	
		Significance	wears one?		Where does it come	
		-	Key historical		from?	
			concepts		Do we use it / them	
			covered:		today?	
			Continuity and		How has the object	
			change		changed?	
			Similarity and		Who are they?	
			difference		Are they alive?	
			Sources		Key historical concepts:	
			Chronology		Continuity and change	
					Similarity and	
			Substantive		difference	
			concepts:		Sources	
			Monarchy		Chronology	
Year 1		How do our favourite toys and	international	How do we know so much	Chronoby	Significant Women:
		games compare with those of		about what happened in		Mae Jemison and Mary
		children in the 1960's?		the Great Fire of London?		Ellis
		Changes within living memory				Who were they and
		Key historical concepts:		Significant events		why were they
		Chronology				significant?
		Continuity and change		Open Box Theatre		What is the same /
		Substantive concept:		workshop		different between the
		Trade		Key historical concepts:		two of the them?

		Chronology Characteristic features Continuity and change Cause and consequence Historical interpretation Historical enquiry Substantive concepts: Legacy, trade and monarchy		How typical were the achievements of these ladies at the time? Key historical concepts: Chronology Historical enquiry Historical significance Substantive concepts: Legacy and monarchy
Year 2	How has the High Street in Petersfield changed? What does a war memorial tell historians? To include - WW1 and WW2 link to people in Petersfield – focus on war memorial Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality – Key historical concepts: Chronology Characteristic features Continuity and change Historical enquiry Substantive concepts: Trade	What does it take to become a great explorer? Significant individuals Open box theatre visit – The Moon Landings Key historical concepts: Chronology Continuity and change Cause and consequence Historical significance Historical enquiry Substantive concepts: Trade, monarchy, legacy	Titanic – Triumph or tragedy? Significant historical events Significant individuals – Captain Smith (Southampton) Visit: Sea City Southampton Key historical concepts: Chronology Continuity and change Cause and consequence Historical interpretation Historical enquiry Substantive concepts: Legacy, migration, monarchy	

EYFS:

Understanding the World

Past and Present

Children at the expected level of development will:

- Talk about the lives of the people around them and their roles in society – The King's Crown

- Know some similarities and differences between things in the past and now – drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class; - Remembrance, The King's Crown, Chat Mats

- Understand the past through settings, characters and events encountered in books read in class and storytelling; The King's Crown, Chat Mats

Links to development matters (from September 2021)

History overtly starts with Reception aged children.

Reception aged children will need opportunities to:

- Comment of images in the past
- Visit local areas of historical importance
- Handle artefacts
- Begin to organise events using basic chronology
- Develop an understanding of the past and present
- Explore similarity and difference
- Consider how life was different in the past

- Listen to accounts in the past
- Recognise that life was different in the past
- Listen to accounts from the past
- Recognise that life was different before they were born
- Compare and contrast characters from stories, including those from the past

Key Stage One: History Curriculum

Pupils should be taught about:

- changes within living memory. Where appropriate, these should be used to reveal aspects of change in national life
 Covered in Year 1 Toys
- events beyond living memory that are significant nationally or globally [for example, the Great Fire of London, the first aeroplane flight or events commemorated through festivals or anniversaries]

Covered in Year 1 – Great Fire of London

Covered in Year 2 - Titanic

• The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods [for example, Elizabeth I and Queen Victoria, Christopher Columbus and Neil Armstrong, William Caxton and Tim Berners-Lee, Pieter Bruegel the Elder and LS Lowry, Rosa Parks and Emily Davison, Mary Seacole and/or Florence Nightingale and Edith Cavell]

Covered in Year 1 – Mary Ellis / Mae Jemison

Covered in Year 2 – Explorers – Neil Armstrong, Ibn Battuta, Christopher Columbus

• Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality.

Covered in Year 2 – Petersfield and Titanic

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History Yearly Overview: KS2

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Year 3	Why did the Mary Rose sink?A study of an aspect of history dating from a period beyond 1066 that is significant in the locality.Key historical concepts: Similarity and difference (Titanic)Cause and consequence Continuity and change Historical significance Interpreting historical sourcesSubstantive concepts: Monarchy, legacy and invasion		How did Britain change during Prehistory? Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age Key historical concepts: Chronology Characteristic features Continuity and change Historical enquiry Substantive concepts: Monarchy, religion, invasion, migration, trade and legacy	<u></u>	Which of the Roman achievements had the most significant impact on Britain? The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain Roman Day to be held in school Key historical concepts: Chronology Characteristic features Continuity and change Cause and consequence Historical significance Historical interpretation Historical enquiry Substantive concepts: monarchy, religion, invasion, trade and legacy	
Year 4		Did Britain benefit from the settlement of the Anglo Saxons and Scots more than the Romans? Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots Visit: Winchester Cathedral Key historical concepts: Chronology Characteristic features Historical significance Historical interpretation Historical enquiry		What did the Vikings want in Britain and how did Alfred help to stop them getting it? The Viking and Anglo- Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor Key historical concepts: Chronology Characteristic features		Why was the Battle of Hastings so significant? What was the legacy of the Normans? (2-3 sessions) Significant individuals (3- 4 sessions) A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 – a significant turning point in British history dating

		Substantive concepts: monarchy, religion, legacy, trade, invasion and migration		Cause and consequence Historical interpretation Historical enquiry Substantive concepts: monarchy, religion, legacy, trade, invasion and migration		from a period beyond 1066 Key historical concepts: Chronology Characteristic features Continuity and change Historical interpretation Historical enquiry Substantive concepts: Monarchy, legacy, migration and invasion
Year 5	What was the British Empire and how does it compare to the Roman Empire? A study of an aspect of theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066. Key historical concepts: Continuity and change Cause and consequence Historical significance Historical enquiry Substantive concepts: Monarchy, trade, legacy and migration		The story of migration to Britain. What is migration? A study of an aspect of theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066. Key historical concepts: Continuity and change Cause and consequence Historical significance Historical enquiry Substantive concepts: trade, legacy, migration and religion		Were the Vikings more advanced than the Maya? The study of a non- European society that provides contrasts with British history – Mayan civilization Open box theatre – Workshop Key historical concepts: Characteristic features Continuity and change Cause and consequence Substantive concepts: monarchy, religion, legacy, trade, invasion and migration	

Year 6		What were the	How does crime and
	What have the Ancient	achievements of the	punishment change from
	Greeks ever done for us?	Ancient Egyptians?	Anglo-Saxons to the 20th
			century?
	Ancient Greece – a study of Greek life and achievements and their	Earliest Civilizations – Ancient Egypt	A study of an aspect of theme in British history
	influence on the western	Visit: Haslemere	that extends pupils'
	world.	Museum	chronological knowledge
			beyond 1066.
	Key historical concepts:	Key historical	
	Historical enquiry	concepts:	Key historical concepts:
	Historical interpretation	Historical significance	Cause and consequence
	Cause and consequence	Characteristic features	Historical significance
		Continuity and change	Historical interpretation
	Substantive concepts:	Cause and	Historical enquiry
	monarchy, religion,	consequence	
	legacy, trade, invasion		Substantive concepts:
	and migration	Substantive concepts:	Monarchy and religion
		monarchy, religion,	
		legacy, trade, invasion	
		and migration	

Key Stage Two: History Curriculum

Pupils should be taught about:

- Changes in Britain from the Stone Age to the Iron Age Covered in Year 3
- The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain Covered in Year 3
- Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots Covered in Year 4
- The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor Covered in Year 4

• A local History Study

Covered in Year 3 – Mary Rose Covered in Year 4 – Anglo Saxons (Winchester)

- A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupil's chronological knowledge beyond 1066 Covered in Year 4 – Normans Covered in Year 5 – Empire of Britain, Migration Covered in Year 6 – Crime and Punishment (Anglo-Saxons to the 20th century)
- The achievements of the earliest civilizations in depth study Covered in Year 6 Ancient Egypt
- Ancient Greece

Covered in Year 6

• A non-European society that provides contrasts with British history – Maya Civilisation Covered in Year 5